

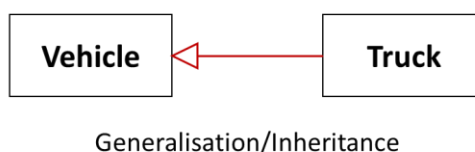
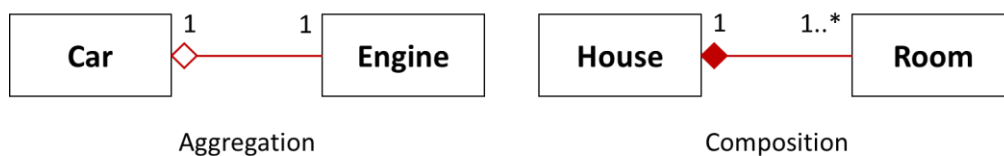
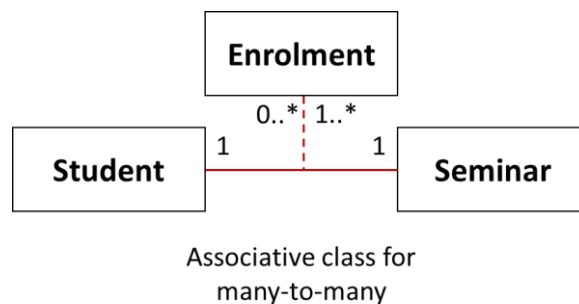
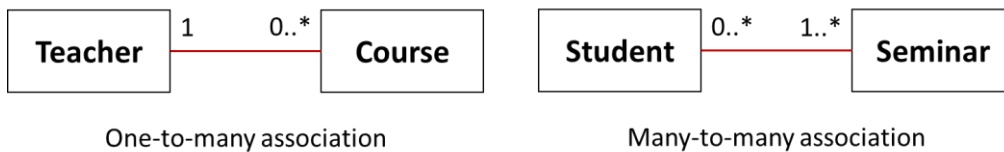
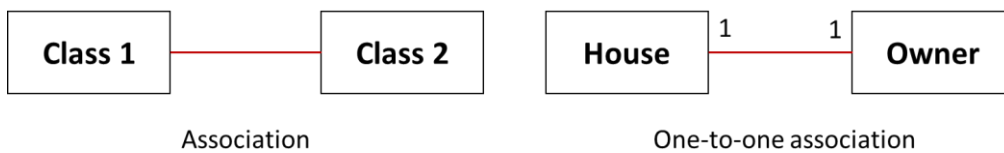
6. UML

COMP1531 • KC Notes

6.1 Unified Modelling Language

- **UML Diagram:** design and model for software development
 - **Structure Diagrams:** static structure of a system, **irrespective of time**
 - E.g. class diagram
 - **Behavioural Diagrams:** dynamic nature of a system – a series of actions over time
 - E.g. use case diagram, sequence diagram
 - **Interaction diagrams:** interactions between objects, e.g. activity diagram

6.2 UML Class Diagram

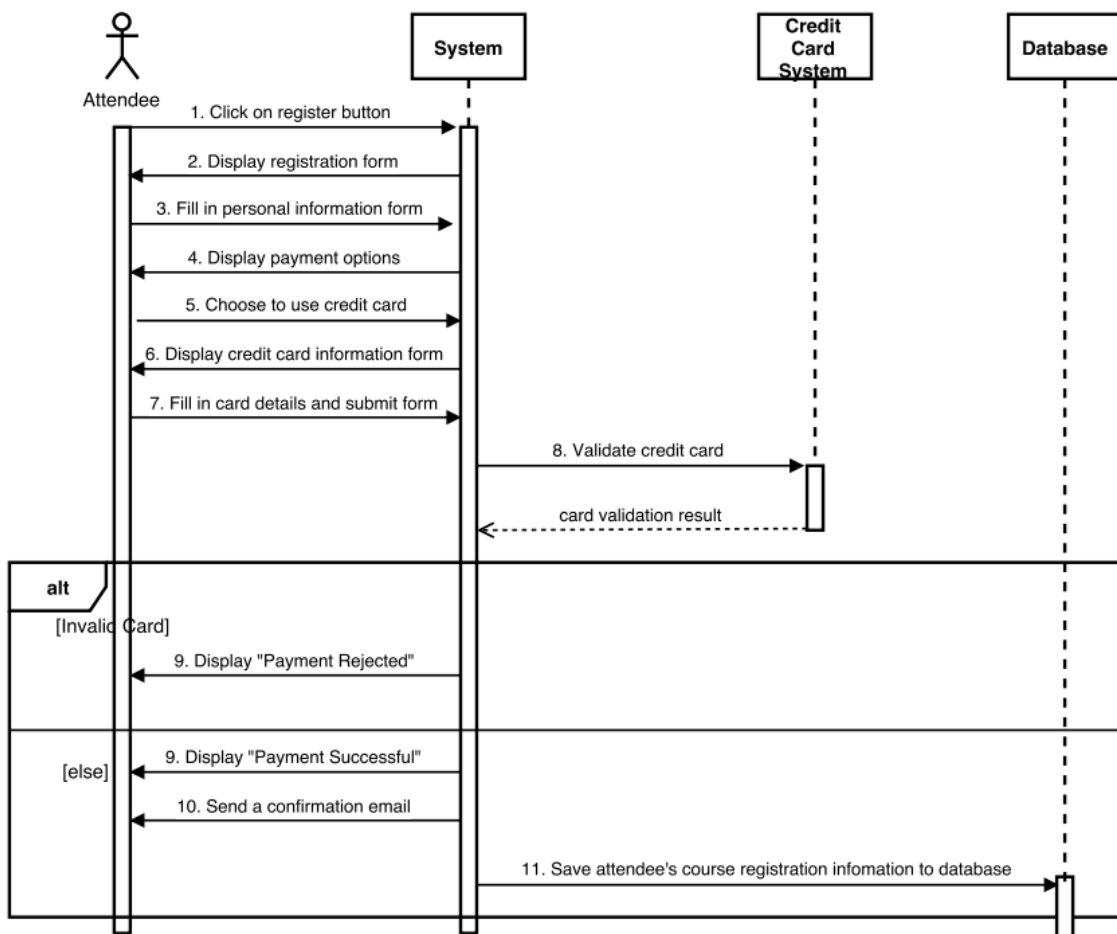


- Conceptual class diagram evolves into **detailed design class diagram**
 - To specify an attribute, <visibility> attribute_name : data_type
 - To specify a method, <visibility> method_name : return_type

BankAccount
- user: string - balance: float
+ add(int): void + withdraw(int): void + get_balance(): int

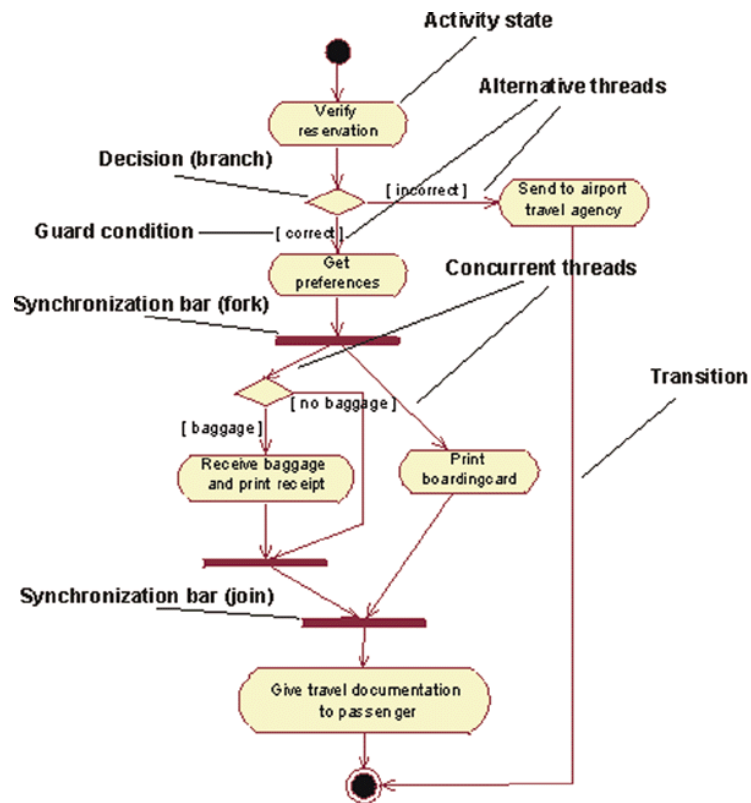
6.3 Sequence Diagram

- **Sequence Diagram: A visual summary of a use-case scenario**
 - Systems are treated as a **black box**, focus on activities that cross each system's boundaries
 - Should specify:
 - External actors
 - Messages (methods) invoked by actors
 - Return values associated with messages
 - Indication of loops, alternatives



6.4 Activity Diagram

- **Activity Diagram:** similarly visualise workflow of a business use-case
 - **Activity diagram** focuses more on **workflow** – how to divide responsibilities into classes
 - **Sequence diagram** focuses more on **handling of business entities**



source: ibm.com